

## CELLFLEX® Coaxial Cable Connectors

## Installation Instruction

10000025619-01 SCF14-50 Cables OMNI FIT™ Premium Connectors Series E01

This installation instruction has been written for qualified, skilled personnel. Please study them carefully before starting any work. RFS disclaims any responsibility for the result of improper or unsafe installation. All national safety and environmental regulations must be followed during installation. To avoid risk of injury, RFS strongly recommends wearing personal protection during the installation process.

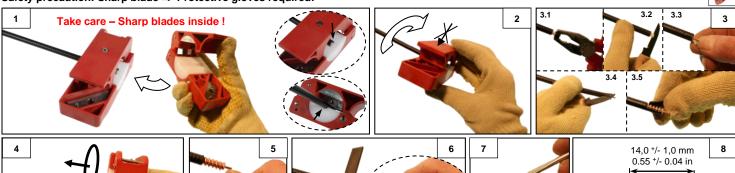


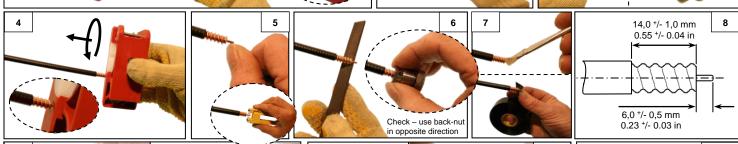


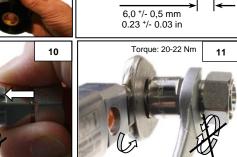


Trimming tool method

Safety precaution: Sharp blade => Protective gloves required!











## **E01 Installation with Universal Trimming Tool**

<u>Attention:</u> Trimming Tool to be handled and used with care, blades are extremely sharp! It is recommended to use protective gloves. Do not use great force. Keep the cable end downwards to prevent particles from entering during preparation.

- Cut the straightened cable in a right angle to cable axis with a finetoothed hacksaw. Insert the cable into the Trimming Tool and push against the inner stop as shown. The cable fits properly to the complete insert (collet) of the tool. Close blade housing of the tool.
- Slowly rotate the Trimming Tool clockwise as indicated by the arrow on the tool - with slight pressure on the blade housing until jacket, outer conductor and dielectric are cut. Open blade housing and remove the tool.
- 3. Remove the cable jacket and outer conductor. Carefully cut the dielectric lengthwise and remove it. Take care not to damage the copper cladding, also make sure not to bend the inner conductor out of the straight line. Carefully cut the second part of jacket lengthwise by knife and remove it.
- 4. Insert the inner conductor into the hole of the chamfer tool, then slowly press and rotate the Trimming Tool clockwise several times to chamfer the inner conductor.
- 5. It is imperative to achieve a pure metallic contact surface on the protruding length of the inner conductor. This may be realized by scrapping away completely <u>all foam</u> and <u>adhesive (thin layer may appear transparent)</u> from the inner conductor manually (fingernail) or with a dedicated tool (e.g. CC200EUR). Take care not

- to damage the copper cladding, also make sure not to bend the inner conductor out of the straight line.
- 6. Remove all edges very carefully; rework the outer conductor if necessary, to achieve a passable thread on the outer conductor. It is recommended to check easy turn ability with the back-nut of the connector as shown (use in reversed direction). Remove back-nut after checking.
- 7. Clean the prepared cable end; remove any particles very carefully with a brush. It is not recommended to use steel or similar hard brushes, because these can deeply press particles inside the dielectric. Adhesive tape can be used additionally to remove the finest particles.
- Check the complete preparation (dimensions).
- 9. Screw the back-nut onto the outer conductor and over the jacket until the outer conductor is in line with the back-nut. The front part of the connector is equipped with a built-in socket wrench; this can be used to screw the adjustable back-nut into position.
- 10. Check the position of back-nut and push the connector front part onto prepared cable end; do never turn the front part! Pay attention that the connector parts are well aligned while tightening them by turning the back-nut only (first by hand).
- 11. Keep the connector body steady and tighten the back-nut of the connector by use of open-end wrenches. Hold the connector body steady and tighten the back-nut of the connector using open-end wrenches. Tighten properly up to 20-22 Nm. Keep the interface of the connector clean!